DATA

- o LIMS Version 6 Fourier coefficients, generated using a sequential estimation ${\bf c}$
- algorithm (See Remsberg et al., 1990.), written to formatted files as a function
 - of latitude and pressure, per day per species per node.
- o Files stored in day directories 17 files per day (1 file per species per node).
 - o 216 days: October 25, 1978 May 28,1979 (directories day298 day365 & day001 day148).
 - o 6 species and associated units: temperature (K), ozone (ppmv), nitrogen dioxide (ppbv), water vapor (ppmv), nitric acid (ppbv), geopotential height (km).
 - o 3 nodes: ascending, descending, combined.

 Note: There are no combined node data/files for NO2.
- o 75 latitudes: southern hemisphere to northern hemisphere, -64 to 84 every 2 degrees.
- o 28 pressure levels: top to bottom of atmosphere, 0.0100 to 316.2280 $\,\mathrm{mb}$ -
 - 6 levels per decade of pressure, equally spaced in log pressure.
 - o bad/fill value: 0.0.
- Note: Not all species have data at all pressures and latitudes and fill value = 0.0.

FORMAT

- o Data information character records separate coefficient records by pressure level.
- Total length of the data information record is 75 characters and includes:
- species/units (21 characters), pressure level (13 characters), date (13 characters),
 - node (12 characters), and number of coefficients (16 characters).
- o Coefficient records [e.g., format(1x, i3, 1x, 15(f9.3))] follow a data information
 - record and include for the combined nodes:
- latitude, zonal mean, cosine wavel, sine wave 1, \dots , cosine wave 6, sine wave 6,
 - rms difference, uncertainty in coefficients;
 - and for ascending and descending nodes:
- latitude, zonal mean, cosine wavel, sine wave 1, \dots , cosine wave 4, sine wave 4,
 - rms difference, uncertainty in coefficients.
- Note: The spectral coefficients for each day and latitude were used to calculate

the rms difference for each day and latitude. This difference was calculated from $\$

the difference between the observed LIMS data and the estimate obtained using the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{S}}$

spectral coefficients at the same longitude for that day and latitude. If there

were not enough data to calculate a rms difference, the value was set to -1.

o To read all the data in a file, loop over 28 pressure levels to read 1 data

information record then 75 coefficient records (1 record per latitude).

PLOTS

o Color polar stereographic contour maps are included in a postscript file,

named jan1_10mb.ps, to facilitate data verification. This file contains 8

plots on January 1, 1979 at 10 mb for:

temperature combined node northern hemisphere, ozone combined node southern hemisphere, ozone combined node southern hemisphere, geopotential height combined node northern hemisphere, water vapor combined node southern hemisphere, nitric acid combined node northern hemisphere, nitrogen dioxide ascending node southern hemisphere, nitrogen dioxide descending node southern hemisphere.

 $\,$ o $\,$ The plots were created using grid point values calculated from the Fourier

coefficients using a latitude spacing of 2 degrees (-64 to 0 degrees for $\,$

southern hemisphere and 84 to 0 degrees for northern hemisphere) and \boldsymbol{a}

longitude spacing of 5.625 degrees (0 to 360 degrees east).

NOMENCLATURE

asc - ascending node

comb - combined node

desc - descending node

gpht - geopotential height

hno3 - nitric acid

h2o - water vapor

no2 - nitrogen dioxide

o3 - ozone

temp - temperature

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Note: A paper is currently being prepared for submission to the Journal of Atmospheric

Chemistry and Physics by Ellis Remsberg that documents the improvements and initial

scientific implications for the LIMS version 6 nitric acid and nitrogen dioxide.

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